

# A Simplified Look at a Complicated Belief

**Part III** 

**The New Testament** 

**Session 21** 

## UNDERSTANDING CHRISTIANITY Part 21 – The Church

#### The meaning of "church"

When the Bible talks about a church it never refers to a building. In fact, at the time when the New Testament was written there were no buildings built especially for Christian meetings

In the Bible the word "church" always refers to people, but it is used in two related but distinct senses:

a) The one church (sometimes called the "universal church") – often the New Testament uses the word "church" to mean all true Christians all over the world.

Jesus promised that He would build His Church

18 Now I say to you that you are Peter (which means 'rock'), and upon
this rock I will build my church, and all the powers of hell will not
conquer it.

-Matthew 16:18 NLT

The Church is united by the fact that we share a common faith, pray to the same Father God, obey the same Lord Jesus and share life in the same Holy Spirit. Our responsibility is to keep this unity in the way we treat and speak about each other

**b) The local church** – in the very beginning there was only one local church in Jerusalem .

Local churches are, therefore, smaller groups of Christians in one town or area who meet together, and they should be miniature, localized representations of the Universal Church.

The picture has been confused over 2000 years of church history by many different divisions and ideas which lead to local churches taking different names and organizing into "denominations"

Most local churches have a membership, and the leaders of the church know who its members are. The aim should be that all members of a local church are also members of the Universal Church – in other words, that only true Christians should be members of local churches.

For this reason leaders of local churches often interview people who want to join to make sure that their beliefs and lifestyle are in keeping with the teaching of the Bible.

#### The first church (Acts 2:42-47)

After Simon Peter preached on the Day of Pentecost, around 3,000 people became Christians and were baptized. Added to the apostles and the other disciples, this made around 3,500 Christians in the city of Jerusalem. The things this first local church did can teach us a great deal about what a local church should be like:

### 1. The apostles' Teaching -

the apostles were the authorized representatives of Jesus, personally appointed by Him and their teaching had authority for the first church. Teaching is very important for the church, as Christians believe that even after becoming a Christian people must continue to grow in their faith. It is by hearing God's word and obeying it in the Holy Spirit's power that Christians can grow to become more like Jesus.

#### 2. The Fellowship -

the word "fellowship" means simply "sharing". In the first church the Christians shared their lives with each other. They spent time together including meeting in the Temple courts and eating together in their homes.

They also shared their possessions together to meet the needs of any person who was in need. This sharing is summarized by saying that they "had everything in common". The best way to think of a church is as a community or a family. People meet together because they love each other and care about the things that are happening in one another's lives. Christians support each other practically and by listening to, praying for, and advising one another.

#### 3. Breaking of Bread –

this is a reference to the Lord's Supper, which Jesus gave to His disciples as a sign of the New Covenant. This celebration was important for the first church, and it remains important for churches today.

#### 4. Prayer and Praising God -

the first church was devoted to prayer. They believed in meeting together to pray to God about many different issues. They also spent time together praising God. To "praise" means to give thanks and celebrate God as the source of good things. From a very early stage Christians began to do this by singing songs (just as the nation of Israel did in the Old Testament using the psalms). In churches today praise remains very important, especially in the singing of songs, which are part of most church meetings. Prayer is also an important part of the church. Church meetings usually include one or more prayers, and there are even meetings completely devoted to prayer.

The reason why prayer is so important to Christians is that God is our King, and therefore His will for us is most important. Prayer expresses our faith in Him and asks for His Spirit to fill us and work in us.

#### 5. Witnessing to others -

the first church was very effective in reaching the other people in Jerusalem with the message about Jesus. In fact, their approach to church was so loving and caring that they found favor with the people. The result was that every day some people would become Christians and would join the church.

Churches today are still very active in sharing the message of the Bible with other people and in caring for other people who are in need. Are we?

Our mission is to be like Jesus in caring for others and to share His love and teaching with others. Christian churches often support mission work in other countries, and even send members across the world.

## **Key Questions:**

What purposes did God give the Church?

What should local churches do to meet these purposes?

#### Pictures of the church in the Bible

#### A spiritual building (Ephesians 2:19-22)

Paul describes the Church as being like a building built on the foundation of the apostles and prophets, with Jesus being the cornerstone.

#### A body (Ephesians 1:22-23)

Paul describes the Church as the body of Christ. Although Jesus is not physically present on earth today, He is present through the Church, and we are here to do the things He wants us to do.

<sup>22</sup> God has put all things under the authority of Christ and has made him head over all things for the benefit of the church. <sup>23</sup> And the church is his body; it is made full and complete by Christ, who fills all things everywhere with himself. **-Ephesians 2:19,22 NLT** 

<sup>5</sup> And you are living stones that God is building into his spiritual temple. What's more, you are his holy priests. Through the mediation of Jesus Christ, you offer spiritual sacrifices that please God.

-1Peter 2:5 NLT

Christians are being built together like stones in the building to form a temple where the Holy Spirit lives. This picture shows us that the main purpose of the Church is to be a place where God lives, and so to bring worship to God.

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#### What do churches do?

The aims of any church are simple – to worship God, to reach other people with the good news about Jesus, to help Christians to grow in their faith, to care for one another, and to serve others in love. Churches have many different types of activities to help reach these aims, for example:

### Sunday Services –

most churches have their main meetings on a Sunday, since this was the day when Jesus rose again. This was also the day when the first Christians met for their main meeting.

In these services there will usually be singing praise songs, public prayers, teaching from the Bible and announcements about other church events. There may also be sharing from some Christians about their experiences and the Lord's Supper may be celebrated. An offering of money will usually be collected and used to help people in need, to help spread the message about Jesus, and to pay for the salaries of church workers and maintenance of the buildings.

#### Prayer Meetings –

these meetings may be at any time or day of the week. The Christians will usually share about problems they are facing, needs that people have, activities the church is planning, and things to thank God for. They will then spend time to talk to God in prayer, speaking aloud. The other Christians will usually remain silent, sometimes saying "Amen" which means "I agree".

### Small groups –

these are smaller meetings of Christians, often in the homes of church members, for more informal fellowship. They usually include a Bible study, where the Christians discuss the meaning of a Bible passage and how they can apply it to their lives, and a time of prayer.

#### Sunday School and youth activities –

special activities for children and teenagers where they are taught the Bible and encouraged to love and serve one another. Sunday School often takes place during the Sunday service.

#### Service and outreach activities –

local churches often arrange special activities to help people in need or to care for others, as well as activities where the good news about Jesus is spoken or shared.

#### **Church Leadership**

There are many different patterns for how local churches are organized, but the Bible speaks of two types of leader (elder and deacons) –, and most churches have a third type (pastors):

- a) Elders these people oversee the activities of the church. They have a responsibility to care for members, to teach the Bible, and to give overall direction to the church.
- **b) Deacons** are the people who look after the practical, day to day running of the church business. They often have specific responsibilities (e.g. treasurer or secretary), and work under the guidance of the elders.
- c) Pastors (or ministers) these people work for the church and have similar responsibilities to an elder. In many churches the pastor will have the main responsibility for teaching the Bible and caring for people in need.

Church leadership should be servant leadership. Unlike the normal ideas of power and control seen in leaders in many organizations, the leaders should set an example of humility, love and service for others, just as Jesus did.

## **Key Lesson: The Church is the body of Christ doing His work in the world**

Jesus founded the Church and it is His body in the world doing the things that He commands it to do. Every local church has the responsibility to carry on Christ's mission. Every Christian should be committed to a local church.

